#### § 410.629f

to pursue the remaining steps of the administrative appeals process, and the period for filing a civil action in a district court of the United States, as provided in section 205(g) of the Social Security Act, shall begin as of the date of receipt of notice by the party (parties) that the agreement has been signed by the authorized representative of the Commissioner. Any civil action under the expedited appeals process must be filed within 60 days after the date of receipt of notice (a signed copy of the agreement will be mailed to the party (parties) and will constitute notice) that the agreement has been signed by the Commissioner's authorized representative. For purposes of this section, the date of receipt of notice of signing shall be presumed to be 5 days after the date of the notice, unless there is a reasonable showing to the contrary.

[49 FR 46369, Nov. 26, 1984, as amended at 62 FR 38453, July 18, 1997]

# §410.629f Effect of a request that does not result in agreement.

If a request for the expedited appeals process does not meet all the conditions for the use of the process, the Commissioner shall so advise the party (parties) and shall treat the request as a request for reconsideration, a hearing, or Appeals Council review, whichever is appropriate.

[40 FR 53388, Nov. 18, 1975, as amended at 62 FR 38453, July 18, 1997]

#### §410.630 Hearing; right to hearing.

An individual referred to in §410.632 or §410.633 who has filed a written request for a hearing under the provisions in §410.631 has a right to a hearing if:

- (a) An initial determination and reconsideration of the determination have been made by the Social Security Administration concerning a matter designated in §410.610;
- (b) An initial determination denying waiver of adjustment of recovery of an overpayment based on a personal conference has been made by the Social Security Administration (see §410.561a); or
- (c) An initial determination denying waiver of adjustment or recovery of an

overpayment based on a review of the written evidence of record has been made by the Social Security Administration (see §410.561a) and the determination was made concurrent with, or subsequent to, our reconsideration determination regarding the underlying overpayment but before an administrative law judge holds a hearing.

[61 FR 56133, Oct. 31, 1996]

# §410.631 Time and place of filing request.

The request for hearing shall be made in writing and filed at an office of the presiding officer, or the Appeals Council. Except where the time is extended as provided in §410.669, the request for hearing must be filed:

- (a) Within 60 days after the date of receipt of notice of the reconsidered determination by such individual. For purposes of this section, the date of receipt of notice of the reconsidered determinations shall be presumed to be days after the date of such notice, unless there is a reasonable showing to the contrary; or
- (b) Where an effective date (not more than 30 days later than the date of mailing) is expressly indicated in such notice, within 60 days after such effective date.

[41 FR 47918, Nov. 1, 1976]

#### §410.632 Parties to a hearing.

The parties to a hearing shall be the person or persons who were parties to the initial determination in question and the reconsideration. Any other individual may be made a party if such individual's rights with respect to benefits may be prejudiced by the decision, upon notice given to him by the Administrative Law Judge to appear at the hearing or otherwise present such evidence and contentions as to fact or law as he may desire in support of his interest.

## §410.633 Additional parties to the hearing.

The following individuals, in addition to those named in §410.632, may also be parties to the hearing. A widow, child, parent, brother, sister, or representative of a decedent's estate, who makes